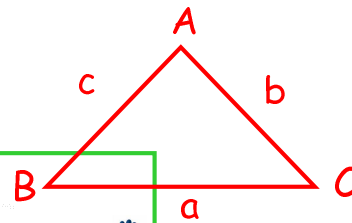


1.5 Sine Law

For oblique triangles (non-right angles)



find a side

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

find an angle

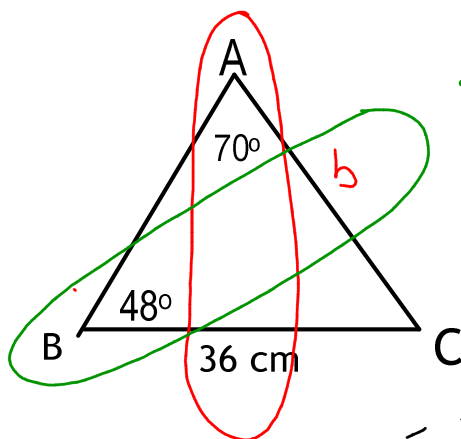
$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

sine law

Need PAIRS of Sides and Angles

Sep 14-3:50 PM

Ex 1 - Find b.



$$\frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{a}{\sin A}$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin 48^\circ} = \frac{36}{\sin 70^\circ}$$

$$b = \sin 48^\circ \left(\frac{36}{\sin 70^\circ} \right)$$

$$= 28.47$$

$$\approx 28 \text{ cm}$$

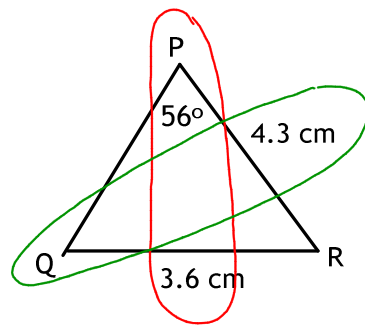
$$\begin{aligned} \therefore b &= \sin 48^\circ (38.31) \\ &= 28.47 \end{aligned}$$

Sep 14-11:05 PM

Ex. 2 - Find angle Q

Finding ANGLE!

(sin Q on top)



$$\frac{\sin Q}{q} = \frac{\sin P}{p}$$

$$\frac{\sin Q}{4.3} = \frac{\sin 56^\circ}{3.6}$$

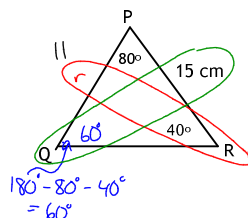
$$\sin Q = 4.3 \cdot \left(\frac{\sin 56^\circ}{3.6} \right)$$

$$\sin Q = 0.99024$$

$$Q = \sin^{-1}(0.99024) \\ \approx 82^\circ$$

Feb 5-9:14 AM

Ex. 3 - Solve the triangle. (Find all unknown sides & angles)



$$\textcircled{1} \frac{r}{\sin R} = \frac{15}{\sin Q}$$

$$\frac{r}{\sin 40^\circ} = \frac{15}{\sin 60^\circ}$$

$$r = \sin 40^\circ \left(\frac{15}{\sin 60^\circ} \right)$$

$$= 11.13$$

$$\approx 11$$

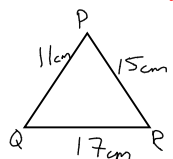
$$\textcircled{2} \frac{p}{\sin P} = \frac{15}{\sin Q}$$

$$\frac{p}{\sin 80^\circ} = \frac{15}{\sin 60^\circ}$$

$$p = \sin 80^\circ \left(\frac{15}{\sin 60^\circ} \right) \\ \approx 17$$

"Solve the triangle"?

DRAW A FINAL DIAGRAM



Sep 14-11:09 PM

Practice
p. 31 #1b, 2b,
3b, 4b, 8, 10



Sep 14-3:57 PM